Государственное автономное профессиональное образовательное учреждение «Мамадышский политехнический колледж»

«Утверждаю»
Зам.директора по ТО
В.В. Файзреева
2022 г.

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации

по учебной дисциплине

ОУД. 03 ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК

для специальности 43.02.15 Поварское и кондитерское дело

Фонд оценочных средств разработан на основе рабочей программы учебной дисциплины ОУД.03 Иностранный язык и в соответствии с Федеральным образовательным стандартом среднего профессионального государственным образования по специальности 43.02.15 Поварское и кондитерское дело, приказ Министерства образования и науки России от 09.12.2016 №1565. (Зарегистрировано в Минюсте России 20.12.2016 №44828).

Обсуждена и одобрена на заседании предметной цикловой комиссии

Общих гуманитарных и социальноэкономических дисциплин

Протокол № 1. «/■ А // 2022 г.

Председатель ПЦК /Л.В. Ямалиева/

Разработали преподаватели:

Абдуллина Л.Ф

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

1.ПАСПОРТ КОНТРОЛЬНО-ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ	
2. ПОКАЗАТЕЛИ ОЦЕНКИ РЕЗУЛЬТАТОВ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ, ФОРМЫ И МЕТОДЫ КОНТРОЛЯ И ОЦЕНКИ	
3. КОНТРОЛЬНО-ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ ДЛЯ ТЕКУЩЕГО КОНТРОЛЯ УСПЕВАЕМОСТИ	
4. КОНТРОЛЬНО-ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА ДЛЯ ПРОМЕЖУТОЧНОЙ АТТЕСТАЦИИ	

1.Паспорт комплекта контрольно-оценочных средств

Оценочные средства по дисциплине ОУД. 03Иностранный язык для специальности 43.02.15 Поварское и кондитерское дело, предназначены для контроля и оценки образовательных достижений обучающихся, осваивающих программу учебной дисциплины.

Контрольно - оценочные средства включает в себя контрольные материалы, контрольно – оценочные средства для проведения текущего контроля в форме входной контрольной работы, текущего контроля – тестовые задания, контрольные работы, и промежуточной аттестации в форме дифференцированного зачета.

1.2 Результаты освоения учебной дисциплины, подлежащие проверке

В результате освоения учебной дисциплины обучающийся должен достичь следующих результатов: личностные, метапредметные (МП), предметные (ПР).

Личностные результаты освоения являются предметом эффективности воспитательно-образовательной деятельности образовательного учреждения.

2. ПОКАЗАТЕЛИ ОЦЕНКИ РЕЗУЛЬТАТОВ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ, ФОРМЫ И МЕТОДЫ КОНТРОЛЯ И ОЦЕНКИ

Результаты (личностные, метапредметные,предметные результаты)	Элементы компетенций	Формы и методы контроля и оценки результатов обучения
Личностные:	ОК 02 Осуществлять поиск, анализ и интерпретацию	-проверка конспектов лекций;
-сформированность широкого	информации, необходимой для выполнения задач	-проверочные работы по темам;
представления о достижениях	профессиональной деятельности.	-различные формы опроса на
национальных культур, о роли		аудиторных занятиях;
английского языка и культуры в	ОК 03 Планировать и реализовывать собственное	-рефераты, сообщения по заданным
развитии мировой культуры;	профессиональное и личностное развитие.	темам;
- осознание своего места в		-текущий контроль в форме устного
поликультурном мире; готовность и	ОК 05 Осуществлять устную и письменную коммуникацию на	опроса;
способность вести диалог на	государственном языке с учетом особенностей социального и	-индивидуальные проектные работы
английском языке с представителями	культурного контекста.	-защита практических заданий,
других культур, достигать	OK 00 H	творческих работ;
взаимопонимания, находить общие	ОК 09 Использовать информационные технологии в	-выполнение контрольных и
цели и сотрудничать в различных	профессиональной деятельности.	тестовых заданий по темам учебной
областях для их достижения; умение	ОК 10 Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на	дисциплины;
проявлять толерантность к другому	государственном и иностранном языке.	- выполнение презентаций или
образу мыслей, к иной позиции		сообщений;
партнера по общению; - готовность и способность к		- ответы на контрольные вопросы;
- тотовность и спосооность к непрерывному образованию, включая		-внеаудиторная самостоятельная работа;
самообразование, как в		расота, -составление схем и таблиц;
профессиональной области с		-выполнение индивидуальных
использованием английского языка.		проектных заданий.
так и в сфере английского языка;		проектных задании.
так и в сфере англинского изыка,		
Метапредметные:	ОК 02 Осуществлять поиск, анализ и интерпретацию	проверка конспектов лекций;
-умение самостоятельно выбирать	информации, необходимой для выполнения задач	-проверочные работы по темам;
успешные коммуникативные стратегии	профессиональной деятельности.	-различные формы опроса на
в различных ситуациях общения;	- умеет определять задачи для поиска информации;	аудиторных занятиях;
- владение навыками проектной	-умеет определять необходимые источники информации;	-рефераты, сообщения по заданным
деятельности, моделирующей	- планирует процесс поиска;	темам;
реальные ситуации межкультурной	- умеет структурировать получаемую информацию,	-текущий контроль в форме устного
коммуникации;	выделять наиболее значимое в перечне информации;	опроса;
- умение организовать	- умеет оценивать практическую значимость результатов	-индивидуальные проектные работы

коммуникативную деятельность, продуктивно общаться взаимодействовать с ее участниками, учитывать их позиции, эффективно разрешать конфликты;

- умение ясно, логично и точно излагать свою точку зрения, используя адекватные языковые средства.

поиска:

ОК 03 Планировать и реализовывать собственное профессиональное и личностное развитие.

- умеет определять актуальность нормативно-правовой документации в профессиональной деятельности; применять современную научную профессиональную терминологию; определять и выстраивать траектории профессионального развития и самообразования
- знает содержание актуальной нормативно-правовой документации; современная научная и профессиональная терминология; возможные траектории профессионального развития и самообразования.

ОК 05 Осуществлять устную и письменную коммуникацию на государственном языке с учетом особенностей социального и культурного контекста.

- -умеет грамотно излагать свои мысли и оформлять документы по профессиональной тематике на государственном языке, проявлять толерантность в рабочем коллективе
- знает особенности социального и культурного контекста; правила оформления документов и построения устных сообщений.

ОК 09 Использование информационные технологии в профессиональной деятельности.

- умеет применять средства информационных технологий для решения профессиональных задач; использовать современное программное обеспечение
- знает современные средства и устройства информатизации; порядок их применения и программное обеспечение в профессиональной деятельности

ОК 10 Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках.

- -защита практических заданий, творческих работ;
- -выполнение контрольных и тестовых заданий по темам учебной дисциплины:
- выполнение презентаций или сообщений;
- ответы на контрольные вопросы; -внеаудиторная самостоятельная работа:
 - -составление схем и таблии:
- -выполнение индивидуальных проектных заданий.

Предметные:

-сформированность коммуникативной иноязычной компетенции. необходимой для успешной социализации и самореализации. инструмента межкультурного общения современном поликультурном мире;

ОК 02 Осуществлять поиск, анализ и интерпретацию информации, необходимой для выполнения задач профессиональной деятельности. ОК 03 Планировать и реализовывать собственное профессиональное и личностное развитие. ОК 05 Осуществлять устную и письменную коммуникацию на государственном языке с учетом особенностей социального и культурного контекста.

- -проверка конспектов лекций;
- -проверочные работы по темам;
- -различные формы опроса на аудиторных занятиях:
- -рефераты, сообщения по заданным темам:
- -текущий контроль в форме устного опроса;

- умение выделять общее и различное в культуре родной страны и англоговорящих стран;
- достижение порогового уровня владения английским языком, позволяющего выпускникам общаться в устной и письменной формах как с носителями английского языка, так и с представителями других стран, использующими данный язык как средство общения;
- сформированность умения использовать английский язык как средство для получения информации из англоязычных источников в образовательных и самообразовательных целях.

ОК 09 Использование информационные технологии в профессиональной деятельности.

OK 10 Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках:

- -индивидуальные проектные работы -защита практических заданий,
- творческих работ по темам;
- -выполнение контрольных и тестовых заданий по темам учебной дисциплины;
- выполнение презентаций или сообщений;
 - ответы на контрольные вопросы;
- -внеаудиторная самостоятельная работа;
 - -составление схем и таблиц;
- -выполнение индивидуальных проектных заданий.

3. Комплект оценочных средств

3.1. Комплект материалов для оценки сформированности общих компетенций, освоения умений и усвоения знаний по дисциплине <u>ОУД 03. Иностранный язык</u>

3.1.1. ВХОДНОЙ КОНТРОЛЬ

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели	Критерии
	оценки	оценки
Знания:	Соответствие	90-100%
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной специфике	ответов эталону	«5» отлично
страны/стран изучаемого языка и умение строить своё		
речевое и неречевое поведение адекватно этой	Соответствие	80-89%
специфике; умение выделять общее и различное в	содержания и	«4» хорошо
культуре родной страны и страны/стран изучаемого	оформления	
языка;	требованиям	70-79%
32. достижение порогового уровня владения		«3»
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам		удовлетворите
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с носителями		льно
изучаемого иностранного языка, так и с представителями		
других стран, использующими данный язык как средство		Менее
общения;		70% «2»
Умения:		неудовлет
У1.сформированность коммуникативной иноязычной		ворительно
компетенции, необходимой для успешной социализации		
и самореализации, как инструмента межкультурного		
общения в современном поликультурном мире;		
У2. сформированность умения использовать		
иностранный язык как средство для получения		
информации из иноязычных источников в		
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.		

Входной контроль Вариант 1

I. Выберите правильные артикли (отсутствие артикля обозначается знаком O).a. the; b. a (an); c. O

- 1. The Queen of Great Britain is not... absolute monarch.
- 2. Open ... door, please.
- 3. There is ... picture on page 20.

II. Выберите правильные предлоги (отсутствие предлога обозначается знаком O).

- 4. Why are you standing in the corridor? Come ..., please.
- a. in; b. into; c. out of; d. 0
- 5. The workers are going ... the hall.
- a. of; b. in; c. to; d. into
- 6. Who is ... duty today?
- a. of; b. in; c. on; d. for
- 7. I'm fond of listening ... these tapes.

Ш. Выберите правильные времена глагола (правильную форму сказуемого):

- 8. Он уедет за границу после того, как книга будет напечатана.
- a. will have been published; b. will be published; c. has been published
- 9. Now she . . . difficulty in putting fact in order.
- a. is having; b. has been having; c had.

IV. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:

a. is; b. are; c. am; d. was.

- 10. There ... ten pens and a magazine on the table.
- 11. There ... many cars in front of the house.

V. Выберите необходимые модальные глаголы:

- 12. You ... take care of your parents.
- a. should; b. ought to; c are to
- 13. My sight is getting worse. Next year, I'm afraid, I ...read without glasses.
- a. can not; b. may not; c won't be able to
- 14. Don't you see I'm tired? You ... me, you know.
- a. might have ... helped; b. could ... help; c may ... help
- 15. Police, fire-figthers, newspaper reporters and radio broadcasters ... work on holiday in the USA.
- a. could; b. might; c must
- 16. The real history of the period between 1688 and the middle of the eighteenth century...summed up in three words: accumulation of capital.
 - a. need be; b. will be able to be; c. can be
 - 17. The power of knowledge... placed in the hands of people.
 - a. should be; b. ought to be; c need to be
 - 18. We ... commemorate great people.
 - a. must; b. need to; c may

VI. Выберите английские эквиваленты для слов, стоящих в скобках:

- 19. There are (мало) foreign students in our Institute.
- a. few; b. a few; c some; d. a lot of
- 20. Her flat is on the ground floor, (моя) is on the second floor.
- a. my; b. me; c mine; d. I
- 21. Whose map is this? It's (ero).
- a. him; b. his; c he; d. hers
- 22. (Кто из) of the students is painting the slogan?
- a. some; b. which; c who; d. why
- 23. Their Institute is in N. street; (наш) is in the centre of the city.
- a. our; b. we; c ours; d. us
- 24. Give me (какой-нибудь) magazine, please.
- a. few; b. some; c a few; d. any

VII. Выберите соответствующие смыслу слова:

- 25. Are there ... students in the reading-room?
- a. any; b. no; c some; d. not any
- 26. There are not... conveniences in the house.
- a. some; b. no; c any; d. much
- 27. Is there ... bread on the plate?
- a. few; b. any; c many; d. some

VIII. Выберите слова противоположные по значению (антонимы):

- 28. busy (a. free; b. white; c. comfortable)
- 29. to "give (a. to put; b. to take; c to show)
- 30. to go (a. to come in; b. to come; c to go)

ІХ. Для следующих предложений выберите английские эквиваленты:

- 31. В книжном шкафу много книги по английскому языку.
- a. There are few English books in the bookcase,
- b. The English books are in the bookcase,
- c. There are a lot of English books in the bookcase.
- 32. В нашем городе нет заводов.
- a. There are some plants in our town.
- b. There are not any plants in our town,
- c. Those plants are not in our town.
- 33. Не выходите, пожалуйста.
- a. Come in, please.
- b. Don't go out, please,
- c. Let's go out.

Вариант 2

I. Выберите правильные артикли (отсутствие артикля обозначается знаком O). a. the; b. a (an); c. O

- 1. There are ... flowers on the table.
- 2. Where is ... your plan?

ІІ. Выберите правильные предлоги (отсутствие предлога обозначается знаком О).

- 3. What language are you speaking...?
- a. at; b. 0; c. on; d. in
- 4. Let's work ... our designs.
- a. for; b. after; c. on; d. at
- 5. There is a picture ... the sofa.
- a. around; b. in; c. on; d. over
- 6. There are a lot of flowers ... the building of our Institute.
- a. around; b. after; c. for; d. with
- 7. Mary is writing ... chalk on the blackboard.
- a. for; b. with; c. around; d. of

Ш. Выберите правильные времена глагола (правильную форму сказуемого):

- 8.Like it or not, TV . . .the supreme holiday attraction over it upstaged the cinema by showing old films.
 - a. has been: b. is: c was
 - 9. You are a good football-player. Since when . . . you....football?
 - a. have ...been playing; b. did ...play; c had been playing.

IV. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:

a. is; b. are; c. am; d. was.

- 10. Who ... speaking?
- 11. What... you doing?

V. Выберите необходимые модальные глаголы:

12. Whatever else the government ... to undertake, its duty is to keep order in civil society.

- a. must try; b. might try; c may try
- 13. No museum ... ever... buy even one painting by this artist.
- a. has ... been able to; b. might ... have; c has...been allowed to
- 14. Twelve delegates representing gypsy groups from several countries ... for six days of talks at the end of February.
 - a. can meet; b. have to meet; c are to meet
 - 15.... you ... get up early yesterday to meet the delegation at the airport?
 - a. Did ... have to; b. Had ...to; c Have ... had to
 - 16. The leopard ...not change his spots.
 - a. need; b. can; c ought
 - 17. We ... learn from the past.
 - a. may; b. need; c must

VI. Выберите английские эквиваленты для слов, стоящих в скобках:

- 18. Say it (повторите), please.
- a. again; b. through; c to; d. only
- 19. Ask (ero) about his new flat.
- a. him; b. his; c her; d. he
- 20. (Ero) daughter is seven years old.
- a. he; b. his; c him; d. her
- 21. (Ee) parents are pensioners.
- a. his; b. her; c she; d. their
- 22. Tom is telling (Ham) about his work.
- a. them; b. we; c our; d. us
- 23. Show (им) the plan of our work.
- a. they; b. their; c them; d. as
- 24. The room is large but (ee) windows are not large.
- a. their; b. its; c her; d. our

VII. Выберите соответствующие смыслу слова:

- 25. There is not... ink in my pen.
- a. any; b. many; c some; d. few
- 26. Tom has no mother. ... mother is dead.
- a. us; b. him; c his; d. her
- 27. Peter is fond of readings: Give these books to ...
- a. his; b. her; c him; d. he

VIII. Выберите слова противоположные по значению (антонимы):

- 28. low (a. comfortable; b. high; c modern)
- 29. to stand up (a. to sit; b. to sit down; c to stand)
- 30. to be over (a. to begin; b. to say again; c to be late)

ІХ. Для следующих предложений выберите английские эквиваленты:

- 31. Давайте ответим на их вопросы.
- a. Let's answer their questions.
- b. Don't answer their questions.
- C. We are not answering their questions.
- 32. Пусть она отошлет письмо своему брату.
- a. Let's send her a letter from her brother.
- b. Let her send a letter to her brother.
- c. Don't send her a letter from her brother.
- 33. На полке лежит какой-то журнал.

- a. The magazine is on the shelf.
- b. There is some magazine on the shelf,
- c. Is there any magazine on the shelf?

Вариант 3

I. Выберите правильные артикли (отсутствие артикля обозначается знаком O).a. the; b. a (an); c. O

- 1. What colour are ... walls in your room?
- 2. Are those ... English books?

ІІ. Выберите правильные предлоги (отсутствие предлога обозначается знаком О).

- 3. I have a few books ... modern writers.
- a. at; b. by; c. after; d. with
- 4. The desk is ... the wall.
- a. in; b. with; c. on; d. at
- 5. There is no chair... the corner.
- a. of; b. on; c. in; d. at
- 6. Tom is giving ... me the book.
- a. to; b. 0; c. for; d. after
- 7. They are not showing any designs ... us.
- a. for; b. into; c. 0; d. to

Ш. Выберите правильные времена глагола (правильную форму сказуемого):

- 8. My brother ...music lessons for three years now.
- a. have taken; b. has been taking; c took
- 9. Perhaps in the future men ... on the sea, away from the crowded and noisy cities on land.
- a. will live; b. would live; c are living

IV. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:

a. is; b. are; c. am; d. was.

- 10. I ... very sorry.
- 11. Our class ... over.

V. Выберите необходимые модальные глаголы:

- 12. The Senate and the House of Representatives ...approve a bill for it to become a law.
- a. had to; b. must; c. was to
- 13. Excuse me, ... you tell me the way to the Houses of Parliament, please?
- a. could; b. may; c. will
- 14.... you come and sit down?
- a. Could; b. Are; c Won't
- 15.... you like a cup of coffee?
- a. Should; b. Would; c Could
- 16. I ... mind a drink, if you had one.
- a. shouldn't't; b. wouldn't't; c haven't
- 17. Teenagers who commit crimesbe treated as adults and sentenced to significant punishment.
- a. would; b. should; c. ought to

VI. Выберите английские эквиваленты для слов, стоящих в скобках:

- 18. Tell us (несколько) words about your studies.
- a. few; b. many; c a few; d. little
- 19. She is helping (cBOEMY) brother with his lessons.
- a. my; b. our; c his; d. her
- 20. There are (несколько) ties in the box.
- a. few; b. no; c any; d. some
- 21. (Почему) are you late?
- a. why; b. because; c who; d. what

- 22. (Их) children are at home.
- a. them; b. their; c they; d. our
- 23. His children are so nice. I am fond of (их).
- a. them; b. their; c they; d. him

VII. Выберите соответствующие смыслу слова:

- 24. The students are in the classroom. Let's go there and tell ...about our plans.
- a. they; b. their; c them; d. theirs
- 25. The park is so beautiful and ... trees are so high.
- a. his; b. their; c its; d. him
- 26. We are answering ... questions.
- a. ours; b. him; c them; d. their
- 27. These books are good. Let's give ... to the children.
- a. theirs; b. their; c them; d. him

VIII. Выберите слова противоположные по значению (антонимы):

- 28. there (a. in front of; b. here; c around)
- 29. much (a. a lot of; b. little; c few)
- small (a. many; b. large; c little)
- 30. many (a. few; b. a few; c little)

ІХ. Для следующих предложений выберите английские эквиваленты:

- 31. Памятник находится в центре города.
- a. There is a monument in the centre of the town.
- b. The monument is in the centre of the town.
- C. There are some monuments in the centre of the town.
- 32. О чем они говорят?
- a. What book are they speaking about?
- b. Are they speaking English?
- c. What are they speaking about?
- 33. Извините меня.
- a. I am wrong,
- b. I am right,
- c. I am sorry.

Эталоны ответов к тесту «Входной контроль»

№	1 вариант	2 вариант	3 вариант
1.	b	c	a
2.	a	c	c
3.	b	b	b
4.	a	c	d
5.	d	d	c
6.	c	a	b
7.	c	b	d
8.	a	b	b
9.	a	a	a
10.	b	a	c
11.	b	b	a
12.	b	b	b
13.	c	a	a
14.	a	c	a
15.	c	a	b
16.	c	b	b
17.	a	С	С

18.	a	a	c
19.	a	a	d
20.	c	b	d
21.	b	b	a
22.	c	d	b
23.	С	c	a
24.	b	b	c
25.	a	a	c
26.	С	c	d
27.	b	c	c
28.	a	b	b
29.	b	b	b
30.	a	a	b
31.	С	a	a
32.	b	b	c
33.	b	b	С

Контрольная работа №1

Проверяемые умения и знания	внания Показатели оценки		Критерии оценки
	0 4 0		0 40
Знания:	Соответствие		90-100%
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной	ответов эталону		«5» отлично
специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка и			
умение строить своё речевое и неречевое	Соответствие		80-89%
поведение адекватно этой специфике; умение	содержания	И	«4» хорошо
выделять общее и различное в культуре родной	оформления		
страны и страны/стран изучаемого языка;	требованиям		70-79%
32. достижение порогового уровня владения			«3»
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам			удовлетворите
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с			льно
носителями изучаемого иностранного языка, так и			
представителями других стран, использующими			Менее 70%
данный язык как средство общения;			«2»
Умения:			неудовлетв
У1.сформированность коммуникативной			орительно
иноязычной компетенции, необходимой для			
успешной социализации и самореализации, как			
инструмента межкультурного общения в			
современном поликультурном мире;			
У2. сформированность умения использовать			
иностранный язык как средство для получения			
информации из иноязычных источников в			
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.			

І. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.

About Myself

It is both pleasant and a bit difficult to speak about myself. It is pleasant because every person enjoys speaking about his or her interests, likes or dislikes. But at the same time it is difficult because to study a person, especially yourself, it is a great journey, not a little walk.

Speaking about my character I'd like first of all to define what character is. These are some qualities that make a person different from others. People often say about me that I am not like others. I don't think that I am something special. When candles are out all cats are grey.

But to cut the long story short I think I am a good humoured, very responsible, hard working and emotional person. I like creativity and appreciate this trait in others. I try not to be late and I hate when others don't come on time. I prefer to associate with clever and polite people.

But I try to treat other people so as I want them to treat me. I see the man whom I am looking for also as a person with a strong and sound body and mind. The person, who is interesting to talk to, whom I can trust and rely on.

As for my interests I am fond of psychology in the sphere of dealing with people and the questions of how to form your thoughts in the most favourable way. I adore travelling, seeing other people, their traditions, customs, to get acquainted with their culture, going sightseeing. Besides I like different kinds of music, I like music with rhythm you can dance to.

		,	(Questions:		
1. Is it	difficu	lt to speak about		C		
a. yes		b. no	c. yes and	. no		
2. What ki	nd of p	erson is the main	•			
a. rude		b. responsible	e c. talkative			
3. What ki	nd of p	eople does he like	e to associate?			
		b. humoured		1		
1. Does he	like m	usic?				
a. yes		b. no	c. yes and no			
5. Is he oft	en late'	?				
a. neve	r	b. always	c. sometimes			
II.Вид	оврем	енные формы г	глагола в Pres	ent и Past Simple		
1	My u	ncle a yacht	last week.			
	\mathbf{A}	•	В	bought	C	buyed
2	She _	French when	she was at scho	ol.		
	\mathbf{A}	study	В	Did study	C	studied
3		the bills last mor	nth.			
	\mathbf{A}	· F ··· J	В	didn't paid	C	payed
4		new TV progran				
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	В	Did you watch	C	Did you watched
5		=	thday on Sunda	ay, so I him a po		
	\mathbf{A}	sent	В	send	C	sended
6	We _	last night due				
	\mathbf{A}			Did go out	C	didn't go out
7		the first airpl				
	\mathbf{A}	Did invented	В	Did invent	C	invented
8			~	when he was young.		
		Can play	В	Could play	C	Could played
9		a lot last year.				
4.0	A		В	travelled	C	Did travelled
10		Maria?	_	D .1. 1	~	***
4.4		Did you last see		Did you last saw	C	You last saw
11		arents in a de		11	~	A 11 1
	\mathbf{A}	lives	В	live	C	Are lived

12	The sun in the East.						
13	A rise A red traffic lights "S	B Stop"	rises	C	rising		
14	A means He to any parties.	В	mean	C	Is mean		
15	A isn't belong Do you where the po	B st office is?	don't belong	C	doesn't belong		
10	A know	В	knowing	C	knows		
		Контрольн	ая работа № 1				
		Ba	риант 2.				
І. Проч	нитать текст, ответить	-	Creat Pritain				
the world of which world of the first in London. Some of clubs have players get	Sport in Great Britain. Sport plays such a large part in British life that many idioms in the English language have come from the world of sport. For example, «that's not cricket» means «that's not fair» and «to play the game» means «to be fair». The most popular sport in England is football. A lot of people support their local clubs at matches on Saturday afternoons or watch the matches on television. The football league in England and Wales has four divisions. Each division contains twenty teams. There are two main prizes each season. The football league championship is won by the team that is top of the first division. The final of this competition takes place every May at the famous Wembley stadium						
you may th	ink to develop physical ab	ilities, but also	to provide a certair	kind o	n in Britain, not just — as f moral education. loyalty and unselfishness.		
		_	uestions:				
-	rt plays a large part in Brit						
a yes, i	t does b. no, it does the most popular sport in E	•	s, it has				
a tennis		c. go	lf				
	ny divisions does league in		Wales have?				
a 4	b. 6 the most famous football	c. 8	and?				
a Engla		_	anchester United				
U	e does sport play in a child						
a big	b. important	c. la	rge				
п р	овременные формы гла	года в Виосо	nt u Doct Simple				
	to sell our old house and		_				
	Did decide	B Did de		decide	ed		
2.I	when I was getting off the	bus.					
	slipped	B sliped	C	Did sl	ip		
	much time in German	₹		D			
\mathbf{A}	Did you spend	B Did yo	ou spent C	Did y	ou spended		

 \mathbf{C}

drinked

4. John was so thirsty that he ____ two glasses of water.

B

drank

drink

5.t was hot, so I ____ the window.

A Did open	В	open	\mathbf{C}	opened			
6.Sandra her English exam successfully yesterday.							
A passed	В	pased	\mathbf{C}	Did pass			
7.When yournews	garage?						
A Did you built	В	Did youbuild	C	You built			
8. The film was boring	. I it.						
A enjoy	В	didn't enjoyed	C	didn't enjoy			
9.Nobody while w	ve were having di	nner.					
A didn't phone	\mathbf{B}	phoned	\mathbf{C}	Did phone			
10.We a nice time	e at seaside last su	mmer.					
A had	В	Did have	\mathbf{C}	haved			
11.My mother lot	s of money on clo	thes.					
A don't spend	В	spends	\mathbf{C}	spend			
12.Martin never n	ne text messages.						
A sends	В	doesn't send	\mathbf{C}	send			
13 lunch at work?							
A Are you usuall	y have B	Do you usually	\mathbf{C}	Does you usually			
•	ha	ive	ha	ve			
14.I too much cof	fee.						
A drinking	В	drinks	\mathbf{C}	drink			
15.The bank always _	on time.						
A opens	В	Is open	\mathbf{C}	open			

Контрольная работа № 1 Вариант 3.

І. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.

Family Life

How close are you as a family?

We usually see each other at least once a month, maybe more often. We have lunch together on Sunday if we haven't got anything special to do. We live in Tula, which is about an hour and a half away, but we always come to Moscow where my mother and father live. It's not so far.

Usually my grandmother and my uncle and aunt are there too — we're quite a large family! Sometimes my brother and his girlfriend come over — they live nearby. The meal takes about four hours, we spend a lot of time chatting.

There's no one we call the head of the family, although my father's advice and opinion are very important in all decisions we take. My uncle Vova in fact older than my father is, so I suppose he's the real head of the family.

When my grandfather was alive, he liked to think that the whole family organized itself around him, but these days it's different. But we all try to discuss things together when we meet.

In most families, it's a small family group who live in the same house, mother, father and the children

In most families, it's a small family group who live in the same house, mother, father and the children before they get married. But if one of the grandparents dies, the other usually sells their home and goes to live with their children. So it's quite common to have one grandparent living with you.

Ouestions:

1.	Where do the	y live?	
	a. in Moscow	b. in Tula	c. in Rostov
2.	Are they quite	e a large family?	
	a. yes	b. no	c. yes and no
3.	Who is the he	ad of the family?	
	a. mother	b. father	c. uncle
4.	Where does h	is brother live?	

a. Far b. Are they a happy fan	nearby		c. near			
a. yes b. 1	•		c. yes and	no		
II.Видовременные фо						
1. It was my brother's bi	rthday or	Sunda		nim a p	ostcard.	
A sent		В	send		C	sended
2.We last night due		•				
A didn'twentout		В	didgoout		C	didn'tgoout
3.Who thefirstairpla	ne?					
A Did invented		В	Did invent		C	invented
4.My grandfather vi	olin very	well w	hen he was	young.		
A Can play		В	Could play		\mathbf{C}	Could played
5.We a lot last year.						
A Did travel		В	travelled		\mathbf{C}	Did travelled
6.When Maria?						
A Did you last see		В	Did you las	tsaw	\mathbf{C}	You last saw
7. We to sell our old			•			
A diddecide		В	diddecided		C	decided
8. I when I was gett	ing off the	e bus.				
A slipped	_	В	sliped		C	didslip
9. How much time i	n Germar	ıv last ı			_	r r
A Did you spend			Did you spe	ent	C	Did you spended
10. John was so thirsty t			• •		Ü	2 iu jou sponuo
A drink		_ ````	drank		C	drinked
11. I I'll show you t	he city		Grank		C	diliked
A am promise	•	romise		C	promise	• • •
12. All the companies _				C	promise	7.5
Aadvertises		dvertis		C	are adve	ertised
13.Where your bool		ia vertis		C	arc auv	Attised
Adoes you keep		ou kee	n	C	do you	keen
14. They volleyball	-		P	C	do you	ксср
Adon't play			lov	C	doorn't	nlov
* •	_	ren't p	•	C	doesn't	piay
15. My grandparents A loves		otne tne oving	eatre.	C	love	
					IOVE	

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе №1

N₂	Вариант 1	Вариант 2	Вариант 3					
	Задание 1							
1	c	a	b					
2	b	b	c					
3	a	a	b					
4	a	С	b					
5	a	b	a					
	Задание 2							
1	b	c	a					
2	c	a	c					
3	a	a	c					
4	b	b	b					
5	a	c	b					
6	c	a	a					

7	c	b	С
8	b	c	a
9	b	b	a
10	a	a	b
11	b	b	b
12	b	c	b
13	a	b	c
14	c	c	a
15	a	a	c

Контрольная работа № 2 по теме «Видовременные формы глаголов в будущем времени» Вариант 1.

	Барна		
1 D 4	u.		
1. Выберите правильн	-		
1. You don't have to wait			
•	b. will have been dining	c. will dine	d. will be dining
2. I think I this piece of			
	b. will have taken	c. am going to take	d. will take
3. I a famous rock star of			
	b. am going to become	c. will become	d. will be becoming
4. I'm afraid we on time	_		
 a. will not have been 	b. aren't	c. will not going to b	e d. will not be
5. I am such a spendthrift,	so by the end of the week	I all of my pocket r	noney.
a. will have been spen	ding b. will be spending	c. will have spent	d. will spend
6. Now that I've won the	lottery, I a new flat.		
 a. will be buying 	b. am buying	c. will have bought	d. am going to buy
7. Look at the clouds! It	. rain!		
a. will	b. will have	c. will be	d. is going to
8. By the end of the next r	nonth, she for twenty ye	ears.	
a. will have been teach		c. will have taught	d. is teaching
9. The temperature 20 $^{\circ}$		_	_
-		c. is going to reach	d. will reach
10. I can't make head or ta	ail of this exercise! you		
	b. Will / help		elp d. Will / be
helping	-		•
1 0	ned Edinburgh, they for	6 hours.	
-	b. will be traveling		raveling d. will
have travelled	C		\mathcal{E}
12. You don't have to call	Cindy. I her later, so I'l	ll pass the message on	
a. will have seen	<u> </u>	-	d. will have been
seeing		8	
13. Excse me, you th	e fax-machine for long?		
	b. will / have been using	c. will / use	d. will / be using
14. Everybody by the ti			
	b. will have gone	c. is going to go	d. will be going
15. She the report until		6 80	
-	oleted b. will have been co	ompleting c. will be o	completing d. will not

c. will have been sleeping d. will be

complete

16. Don't call her now – she

a. will have slept b. will sleep

sleeping 17.It's 8 o'clock. Jim ... the office by the time we get there. b. will be leaving c. will have left a. will leave d. will have been leaving 18. I ... to Rome tomorrow morning. a. will have been flying b. am flying d. will have flown c. will fly 19. Look at the timetable. The bus... in London at 6:40. a. will have arrived b. arrives c. is going to arrive d. will be arriving 20.She ... the report by tomorrow. a. will be finished b. will finish c. will have finished d. will have been finishing

Контрольная работа № 2 по теме «Видовременные формы глаголов в будущем времени»

Вариант 2.

1. Выберите правильный	вариант.		
1. This time next week, we	round the islands.		
 a. will have cruised cruising 	b. will cruise	c. will have been cruised	d. will be
2. When they married?			
		en married c. are / got	d. will / get
3. I am not sure if she her e	exams.		
a. will have passed passing	b. will pass	c. will have been passed	d. will be
4. I am tired of living in such	a small apartment.	I to a bigger house next year.	
 a. am going to move moving 	b. will have been	moving c. will have moved	d. will be
5. My car is being repaired an	nd I don't know who	en it ready.	
a. will have been	b. will be	c. is being	d. is going
to			
6. She all the newspapers b			
 a. will be delivering deliver 	b. will have deliv	vered c. will have been delivered	d d. will
7. I my dentist tomorrow.			
a. will be seeing seen	b. am going see	c. will see	d. will have
8. I cleaning the house unti	l you come back.		
a. will be finishing have finished	b. will have been	finishing c. will have	d. won't
9. Well, I like this pair better	than the other one.	I it!	
a. will have taken take	b. will be taking	c. will have been taking	d. will
10.She has resigned from her	job because she	all over the world.	
a. will travel travelling	b. will have trave	led c. is going to travel	d. will be
11. Next Sunday, Candy to	Paris for a busines	s meeting.	
<u>.</u>		Ç	

		b. will fly	c. is flying	d. will
	be flying	raity ha Eagnamy for m	ore then A veers	
	12. When Jim enters a unive	•	<u> </u>	4211 1
	•	ng b. will have studied	c. will study	d. will be
	studying	1. 1. 1. 6. 1		1
			of weeks. I to do it on Satu	
	a. am doing	b. will do	c. am going	d. will be
	doing	6	•1	
	14. I won't leave the office b			
	a. will bring	b. will be bringing		d. brings
	15. It's too late to call him no			
		b. will have called	c. will be calling	d. will be
	calling			
	16. I to Moscow tomorrov	v; I will phone you when I	arrive.	
	a. am coming	b. will have come	c. will come	d. will be
	coming			
	17. By the second of Octobe	r this year I here for ten	years already.	
	a. will be working	b. will work	 c. will have been working 	d. will
	have worked			
	18. Alison English for 3 y	ears before she leaves Eng	land.	
	a. will have been learni	ing b. will learn	c. will be learning	d. will have
	learnt	_	_	
	19. Since Andy has bought n	new laptop on credit, he	all the money by the second	of
	April.			
	a. is paying	b. will be paying	c. will have paid	d. will pay
	20. By the beginning of next	month the school for the	ree years.	
			c. will have functioned	d. will have
bee	n functioning			
	Č			

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе №2

<u>No</u>	ы ответов к контрольнои раооте л Вариант 1	Вариант 2		
	Задание 1			
1	d	d		
2	d	d		
3	c	b		
4	d	a		
5	c	b		
6	d	b		
7	d	c		
8	a	b		
9	d	d		
10	b	c		
11	c	b		
12	b	a		
13	b	c		
14	b	a		
15	a	a		
16	d	c		
17	d	С		
18	c	a		

19	С	С
20	С	d

Контрольная работа № 3.

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели	Критерии
	оценки	оценки
Знания:	Соответствие	90-100% «5»
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной	ответов эталону	отлично
специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка и		
умение строить своё речевое и неречевое	Соответствие	80-89% «4»
поведение адекватно этой специфике; умение	содержания и	хорошо
выделять общее и различное в культуре родной	оформления	
страны и страны/стран изучаемого языка;	требованиям	70-79% «3»
32. достижение порогового уровня владения		удовлетворитель
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам		НО
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с		
носителями изучаемого иностранного языка, так и	4	Менее 70%
представителями других стран, использующими		«2»
данный язык как средство общения;		неудовлетвор
Умения:		ительно
У1.сформированность коммуникативной		
иноязычной компетенции, необходимой для		
успешной социализации и самореализации, как		
инструмента межкультурного общения в		
современном поликультурном мире;		
У2. сформированность умения использовать		
иностранный язык как средство для получения		
информации из иноязычных источников в		
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.		

Контрольная работа № 3 Вариант 1.

І. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.

Ecological Problems

For thousands of years people lived in harmony with environment and it seemed to them that natural riches were unlimited. But with the development of civilization man's interference in nature began to increase.

Large cities with thousands of smoky industrial enterprises appear all over the world today. The by-products of their activity pollute the air we breathe, the water we drink, the land we grow .Every year world industry pollutes the atmosphere with about 1000 million tons of dust and other harmful substances. Many cities suffer from smog. Vast forests are cut and burn in fire. Their disappearance upsets the oxygen balance. As a result some rare species of animals, birds, fish and plants disappear forever, a number of rivers and lakes dry up.

The pollution of air and the world's ocean, destruction of the ozone layer is the result of man's careless interaction with nature, a sign of the ecological crises.

The most horrible ecological disaster befell Ukraine and its people after the Chernobyl tragedy in April 1986. About 18 percent of the territory of Byelaruswere also polluted with radioactive substances. A great damage has been done to the agriculture, forests and people's health.

Some progress has been already made in this direction. As many as 159 countries — members of the UNO — have set up environmental protection agencies. An international environmental research centre has been set up on Lake Baikal. The international organisation Greenpeace is also doing much to preserve the environment.

Questions:

- 1. How did people live for thousands of years?
 - a. in harmony b. in danger c. in disaster
- 2. What pollutes the air we breathe?
 - a. the ozone layer b. the by-products c. the natural riches
- 3. From what do many cities suffer?
 - a. dust b. oxygenc. smog
- 4. When was the Chernobyl tragedy?
 - a. in 1975 b. in 1986 c. in 1996
 - 5. What organisation is also doing much to preserve the environment?
 - a. the UNOb. Greenpeace c. the UK

II. Образовать множественное число имен существительных

- 1. Our two ... are crying all the time.
 - a. babies b. babys c. babyes
 - 2. No news ... good news.
 - a. is b. are c. am
 - 3.... usually fly not very high.
 - a. flyes b. flys c. flies
 - 4. These potatoes weigh five
 - a. kilos b. kilos c. kiloses
 - 5. I don't like going by car. If I have a chance, I always go on
 - a. foot b. feet c. foots
 - 6. What do you need these ... for?
 - a. boxeses b. boxes c. box
 - 7. My new Swiss watch ... 3 minutes slow.
 - a. is b. are c. am
 - 8. Those were the happiest days of our
 - a. lifes b. lives c. lifees
 - 9. Leaves usually ... trees in autumn.
 - a. leaf b. leave c. leafs
 - 10. Rock music of the 1970s is an extremely interesting cultural
 - a. phenomen b. phenomena c.phenomenon
 - 11. Big ... don't cry.
 - a. boys b. boyes c. boyses
 - 12.I prefer natural ... when I want to change my hair style.
 - a. dies b. dyes c. dys
 - 13.It is rather dangerous to walk on ... after the rain.
 - a. roofs b. roofes c. roves
 - 14.Dentists recommend using ... twice a day: in the morning and in the evening.
 - a. tooth's paste b. toothpaste c. teeth's paste
 - 15.... are flowers of life.
 - a. Childs b. Children c. Childrens

Контрольная работа № 3 Вариант 2.

І. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.

Television

Television, also called TV, is one of our most important means of communication. It brings moving pictures and sounds from around the world into millions of homes.

The name «Television» comes from Greek word meaning «far», and a Latin word meaning «to see», so the word «television» means «to see far».

About three-fourths of the 1500 TV stations in the US are commercial stations. They sell advertising time to pay for their operating costs and to make profit. The rest are public stations, which are nonprofit organizations.

Commercial TV stations broadcast mostly entertainment programs. These programs include light dramas called situation comedies; action-packed dramas about life of detectives, police officers, lawyers and doctors; shows featuring comedians, dancers and singers; movies; quiz shows; soap operas; cartoons. Commercial TV broadcasts also documentaries and talk shows. On talk shows a host interviews politicians, TV and movie stars, athlets, authors. There are also sport programs and brief summaries of local, national and international news. Advertising is an important part of commercial TV. They urge viewers to buy different kinds of products.

Public television focuses mainly on education and culture. There are programs on wide range of subjects — from physics and literature to cooking and yoga. Public TV also broadcasts plays, ballets, symphonies as well as programs about art and history. Public TV attracts less viewers than commercial TV.

(questions:		
1.	What does the wo	rd television mean?	
	a. «far»	b. «to see»	c. «to see far»
2.	What is one of our	r most important mea	ans of communication?
	a. TV	b. radio	c. Newspapers
3.	How many station	s are there in the US	?
	a. 150	b. 1500	c. 15
4.	What programs ar	e broadcasted on con	nmercial TV?
	a. education	b. culture	c. entertainment
	5. What programs	does public TV broa	dcast?
	a. education	b. culture	c. entertainment

II. Образовать множественное число имен существительных

1. The naughty kid like	es throwing rotten	at passers-by.
a. tomatos	b. tomatoes	c. tomato
2. 50 of oil leaked	out of the tanker	into the sea.
a. tones	b. tons	c. tonns
3. There is no piano in t	the	
a. bushes	b. bushs	c. bush
4 in our house are s	so annoying. We d	lefinitely need a cat.
a. mousse	b. mices	c. mice
5 My little son is afra	aid of grey tha	t come at night.
a. wolfys	b. wolvies	c. wolves
6. Our two are cryi	ng all the time.	
a. babies	b. babys	c. babyes
7. No news good r	news.	
a. is	b. are	c. am
8 usually fly not ve	ry high.	
a. flyes	b. flys	c. flies
9. These potatoes weight	gh five	
a. kilos	b. kiloss	c. kiloses
10. I don't like going b	y car. If I have a	chance, I always go on
a. foot	b. feet	c. foots
11 What do you need to	these for?	

- a. boxeses b. boxes c. box
- 12. My new Swiss watch ... 3 minutes slow.
 - a. is b. are c. an
- 13. Those were the happiest days of our
 - a. lifes b. lives c. lifees
- 14. Leaves usually ... trees in autumn.
 - a. leaf b. leave c. leafs
- 15.Rock music of the 1970s is an extremely interesting cultural
 - a. phenomen b. phenomena c.phenomenon

Контрольная работа № 3 Вариант 3.

І. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.

London, Capital of GreatBritain

London is the capital of Great Britain, its political, economic, and commercial centre. It is one of the largest cities in the world and the largest city in Europe. Its population is about 8 million.

London is divided into several parts: the City, Westminster, the West End, and the East End.

The heart of London is the City, its financial and business centre. Numerous banks, offices, and firms are situated there, including the Bank of England, the Stock Exchange, and the Old Bailey. Few people live here, but over a million people come to the City to work.. Perhaps the most striking of them is the St. Paul's Cathedral, the greatest of English churches. It was built in the 17th century by Sir Christopher Wren. Nearly all English kings and queens have been crowned in Westminster Abbey. Many outstanding statesmen, scientists, writers, poets, and painters are buried here: Newton, Darwin, Chaucer, Dickens, Tennyson, Kipling, etc.

Across the road from Westminster Abbey is Westminster Palace, the seat of the British Parliament. The Clock Tower of the Houses of Parliament is famous for its big bell, known as "Big Ben". Buckingham Palace is the official residence of the Queen.

The West End is the richest and most beautiful part of London. It is the symbol of wealth and luxury. The best hotels, shops, restaurants, clubs, and theatres are situated there.

The Trafalgar Square is the geographical centre of London. It was named in memory of Admiral Nelson's victory in the battle of Trafalgar in 1805. The tall Nelson's Column stands in the middle of the square.

Questions:

- 1. What is the capital of Great Britain?
 - a. Paris b. London
- c. Rome

c. four

- 2. What's the population of London?
 - a. ten million b. eight million c. six million
- 3. Traditionally London is divided into parts.
 - a. two b. three
 - a. the West End b. the City

4. What is the heart of London?

- c. the East End.
- 5. Who was the St. Paul's Cathedral built by?
 - a. Admiral Nelson b. Sir Christopher Wren c. the Queen

II. Образовать множественное число имен существительных

- 1. I don't like going by car. If I have a chance, I always go on
 - a. foot b. feet
- c. foots
- 2. What do you need these ... for?
 - a. boxeses b. boxes c. box
- 3. My new Swiss watch ... 3 minutes slow.
 - a. is b. are c. am
- 4. Those were the happiest days of our
- +. Those were the happiest days of our ...
 - a. lifes
- b. lives
- c. lifees

5. Leaves usually ... trees in autumn.

a. leaf

b. leave

c. leafs

6. Rock music of the 1970s is an extremely interesting cultural

a. phenomen b. phenomena c.phenomenon

7. The naughty kid likes throwing rotten ... at passers-by.

a. tomatos

b. tomatoes

c. tomato

8. 50 ... of oil leaked out of the tanker into the sea.

a. tones

b. tons

c. tonns

9. There is no piano in the

a. bushes

b. bushs

c. bush

10.... in our house are so annoying. We definitely need a cat.

a. mousse

b. mices

c. mice

11. .My little son is afraid of grey ... that come at night.

a. wolfys

b. wolvies

c. wolves

12. Our two ... are crying all the time.

a. babies

b. babys

c. babyes

13. No news ... good news.

a. is

b. are

c. am

14.... usually fly not very high.

a. flyes

b. flys

c. flies

15. These potatoes weigh five

a. kilos

b. kiloss

c. kiloses

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе №3

№	Вариант 1	Вариант 2	Вариант 3	
Задание 1				
1	a	c	b	
2	b	a	b	
3	c	b	c	
4	b	c	b	
5	b	A b	b	
		Задание 2		
1	a	b	a	
2	a	b	b	
3	c	a	a	
4	a	c	b	
5	a	c	b	
6	b	a	b	
7	a	a	b	
8	b	c	b	
9	b	a	a	
10	b	a	c	
11	a	b	c	
12	a	a	a	
13	a	b	a	
14	b	b	c	
15	b	b	a	

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели	Критерии	
	оценки	оценки	

Знания:	Соответствие		90-100%
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной	ответов эталону		«5» отлично
специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка и	-		
умение строить своё речевое и неречевое	Соответствие		80-89%
поведение адекватно этой специфике; умение	содержания	И	«4» хорошо
выделять общее и различное в культуре родной	оформления		
страны и страны/стран изучаемого языка;	требованиям		70-79%
32. достижение порогового уровня владения			«3»
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам			удовлетворите
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с			льно
носителями изучаемого иностранного языка, так и о			
представителями других стран, использующими			Менее 70%
данный язык как средство общения;			«2»
Умения:			неудовлетв
У1.сформированность коммуникативной			орительно
иноязычной компетенции, необходимой для			
успешной социализации и самореализации, как			
инструмента межкультурного общения в			
современном поликультурном мире;			
У2. сформированность умения использовать			
иностранный язык как средство для получения			
информации из иноязычных источников в			
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.			

Контрольная работа № 4 Вариант 1.

І. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.

Newspapers

The British people buy more newspapers per heard than people in most other countries. Newspapers in the UK are of two main types: quality papers or broadsheets and tabloids that are half the size of broadsheets. But the size is not the only thing that makes them different. The quality papers produce serious quality journalism, while the tabloids called "popular papers" have more sensational reporting style. Quality papers are "The Independent", "Financial Times", "Guardian", "Daily Telegraph". Tabloids are "The Sun", "Daily Mail", "Today" "Daily Sport", "Daily Mirror", "Daily Express".

Quality papers contain political, industrial and cultural news, develop pages to finance matters and business, have more writing then pictures, report in detail on serious news, and are interested in foreign news.

Tabloids contains sensational news about sport, the private lives of famous people, give information about concerts, cinema and theatre performances, report the latest scandals and gossip in the private life of the famous people.

In the USA daily newspapers are published in 34 different languages. The "Wall St. Journal" is a quality paper. "The New York Times", "The Washington Post", and "The Los Angeles Times" are ranked as the world's top daily.

Questions:

- 1. How many types of newspapers are there in the UK?
 - a. 3 b. 2 c. 4
- 2. How are called tabloids?
 - a. "popular papers" b. « small papers»c. «interesting papers»
- 3. What do Quality papers contain?
 - a. the latest scandals b. serious news c. information about concerts
 - 4. In the USA daily newspapers are published in different languages

	a. twelve	b. Thirty	c. thirty-four
5. V	What is a quality pa	per?	
	a. "The New York	Times" b. "Wall S	t. Journal c. "The Washington Post"
	Выбрать правиль		
	One can learn to pla		
a. ir		c. for	
	remembered the d		
a. i		c. at	
	re is a comfortable		
a. a		c. on	d. into
	the comer of th	•	•
a. a		c. on	
	an looks very beaut		
a. c		c. from	d. in
		<u> </u>	see our team's play football match.
a. i		c. at	d. to
	your relatives whe		
a. a	at b. on	c. in	d. to
		Vour	по и над пабота № 4
		KUHI	рольная работа № 4 Вариант 2.
ιп	рочитать текст, с	ATDATUTI HA DAUR	-
1. 11	рочитать текст, с	пьстить на вонр	Press in Russia
	Newspapers ar	nd magazines nlav	a great and very important role in the life of a modern man.
Reading			about the events that have taken or are going to have place
			articles about historical events and public figures of the
	•		n our economy, industry, agriculture and social life.
-		•	TV programmes, weather forecasts.
Tactica			e variety of newspapers circulating throughout the country.
One can			l and local, official and private, quality and popular,
			all kind of fans: sport-fans, car-fans, music fans, etc. The
			oday. Most of the newspapers can boast their independence,
	-		re is no need to read all of the articles. People can look
	=	_	they are interested in. Besides the newspapers, there is a lot
_			e very popular with the youth, for example "Younost",
	nik", "TV-Park" and		e very popular with the youth, for example Tourious,
Tto vesii	in , I v I air air	concis.	Questions:
1. V	What plays a great i	ole in the life of a	· ·
1.	a.music		c. newspapers and magazines
2. V	What do practicaly	-	
	a. weather forecast		
	s there need to rea		
	a.yes	b. no	c. yes and no
4. /	Are newspapers and		·
1	a.yes	b. no	c. yes and no
5. V	What are the most p		•
	a. "Younost"		nal" c. "The Washington Post"
	 Выбрать правиль		<u>e</u>
			time, but her car broke and she was late.
a. at,		c. in, in	d. in, on
	•		bugh his advocate did his best to defend him.
a. to		c. into	d. at

3. — Have you ever been to Indonesia?				
— Yes, last year I went there business.				
a. for b. in c. on d. at				
4. The police believe that there is no connection the two crimes.				
a. between b. for c. with d. at				
5. We called the doctor because Linda was complaining a pain in her back.				
a. about b. of c. on d. in				
6. We'd better phone the restaurant to reserve a table.				
a. to b. for c. — d. in				
7. Thank you for the invitation your party next week.				
a. on b. by c. to d. at				
Контрольная работа № 4				
Вариант 3.				
I. Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы.				
Television				
Television, also called TV, is one of our most important means of communication. It brings moving				
pictures and sounds from around the world into millions of homes.				
The name «Television» comes from Greek word meaning «far», and a Latin word meaning «to				
see», so the word «television» means «to see far». About three-fourths of the 1500 TV stations in the				
US are commercial stations. They sell advertising time to pay for their operating costs and to make				
profit. The rest are public stations, which are nonprofit organizations.				
Commercial TV stations broadcast mostly entertainment programs. These programs include light				
dramas called situation comedies; action-packed dramas about life of detectives, police officers,				
lawyers and doctors; shows featuring comedians, dancers and singers; movies; quiz shows; soap operas;				
cartoons. Commercial TV broadcasts also documentaries and talk shows. There are also sport programs				
and brief summaries of local, national and international news. Advertising is an important part of				
commercial TV. They urge viewers to buy different kinds of products. Public television focuses mainly				
on education and culture. Public TV also broadcasts plays, ballets, symphonies as well as programs				
about art and history.				
Questions:				
1. What does the word television mean?				
a.«far» b. «to see» c. «to see far»				
2. What is one of our most important means of communication?				
a.TV b. radio c. Newspapers				
3. How many stations are there in the US?				
a.150 b. 1500 c. 15				
4. What programs are broadcasted on commercial TV?				
a.education b. culture c. entertainment				
5. What programs does public TV broadcast?				
a. education b. culture c. entertainment				
II. Выбрать правильный вариант ответа				
1. He accused his wife being jealous.				
a. at b. about c. in d. of				
2. I've received a cheque \$200.				
a. on b. by c. with d. for				
3. Did you know the cause the fire?				
a. of b. to c. from d. at				
4. The children were excited going to the circus next day.				
a. for b. of c. about d. to				
5. my opinion you shouldn't go to Kate's party tomorrow.				

a. on	b. from	c. in	d. by	
6. I nearly for	got that it was Ja	ck's birthday. Fortu	nately I remembered	time.
a. in	b. for	c. on	d. at	
7. There is a to	errible car accide	ent. One car collided	d another one).
a. to	b in	c. with	d. into	

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе №4

N₂	Вариант 1	Вариант 2	Вариант 3			
	Задание 1					
1	b	c	c			
2	a	a	a			
3	b	b	b			
4	c	a	c			
5	b	a	ab			
	Задание 2					
1	a	b	c			
2	c	a	d			
3	b	c	a			
4	a	b	c			
5	d	a	c			
6	a	c	c			
7	c	c	c			

Контрольная работа № 5

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели оценки	Критерии оценки
Знания:	Соответствие	90-100%
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной	ответов эталону	«5» отлично
специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка и		00.0004
умение строить своё речевое и неречевое	Соответствие	80-89%
поведение адекватно этой специфике; умение	содержания и	«4» хорошо
выделять общее и различное в культуре родной	оформления	
страны и страны/стран изучаемого языка;	требованиям	70-79%
32. достижение порогового уровня владения		«3»
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам		удовлетворите
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с		льно
носителями изучаемого иностранного языка, так и		
представителями других стран, использующими		Менее 70%
данный язык как средство общения;		«2»
Умения:		неудовлетв
У1.сформированность коммуникативной		орительно
иноязычной компетенции, необходимой для		
успешной социализации и самореализации, как		
инструмента межкультурного общения в		

современном поликультурном мире;	
У2. сформированность умения использовать	
иностранный язык как средство для получения	
информации из иноязычных источников в	
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.	

Контрольная работа № 5 по теме «Модальные глаголы и их эквиваленты» 1 Вариант

		1 Вариан	Γ	
1. Заполнить пр				
1. —(1)	you retell this tex	t in English right no	w?	
— Unfortunately I(5).	(2)	(3) to do this I	(4) to repeat so	ome words which I
a. can 2. can't 3. to be	able 4. have 5. ne	ed		
b. can 2. can't 3. b	e able 4. have 5. n	need		
c. must 2. can't 3.	to be able 4. must	5. can		
d. shall 2. can't 3.	to be able 4. can 5	5. need		
listen to many tapes _ Germany.	(4) to unc	derstand native speak		ently. He (3) to (5) to work in
a. can 2. isn't able 3. '				
	11 have 4. to be ab			
	3. '11 have 4. to b			
d. is able 2. isn't a	ble 3. '11 have 4. t	to be able 5. has		
11. Выбрать пра 1. We see th		у модального глаг edroom window.	ола	
a. are able	b. can	c. must	d. might	
2. — you sp	eak any foreign la	inguages?	-	
a. could	b. can	c. must	d. might	
3. I am afraid I a. could not		c. must not	d. might not	
4. When we went to the	he forest, we	smell burning.		
a. could			d. might	
5. She spoke in a very	low voice, but I	understand	what she said.	
		c. must		
/ T.1	4 111 1	TTI .		
6. I do not know when	<u> </u>	•		
a. could	b. can	c. must	d. might	
7. I was so tired. I	sleep for a	week.		
a. could	b. can	c. must	d. might	
8. We have §	gone away if we h	ad enough monev		
a. could	b. can	c. must	d. might	

9. You have been trav	velling all day. You	be tired.		
a. could	b. must to		d. might	
10. They have not live				
a. could	b. should	c. must not	d. might	
11. The phone rang bu	ut I did not hear it 1	have been	asleen	
a. could		c. must	-	
u. could	o. may	c. mast	u. mgm	
12. She passed me wi	thout speaking. She	have seen i	me.	
a. could not		c. should		
13. — Why did not yo		e phone?		
— She have				
a. can	b. should	c. must	d. might'nt	
14 117 1:10 1				
14. — Why did Sarah	_			
— She have		a mayat	d might not	
a. should not	b. Should	c. must	d. might not	
	Кон	трольная работа М	№ 5 по теме	
	«Модалі	ьные глаголы и их	эквиваленты»	
		2 Вариант.		
1. Заполнить пр	опуски в предлог	кениях.		
1. —(1)	I come in?			
— No, you				
— Oh, I'm sorry				
— No, you	(4). You (:	5) join us after the bro	eak.	
a. shall 2. mustn't 3. s	hall 4. needn't 5. ma	ıy		
b. may 2. must 3.	shall 4. needn't 5. m	nay		
c. may 2. mustn't	3. shall 4. need 5. m	ay		
d. may 2. mustn't	3. shall 4. needn't 5.	may		
		(2) to go in	for sports. If you	$_{-}$ (3) to go in for
sports, you				
become unfit. So, you				
a. '11 have 2. won't b	e able 3. aren't able	4. may 5. must		
b. have 2. aren't a	ble 3. aren't able 4.	may 5. must		
c. have 2. won't b	e able 3. aren't able	4. may 5. must		
d. have 2. won't b	e able 3. won't be al	ble 4. may 5. must		
44 5 4	•			
		модального глагол		
			ne football match on TV.	
a. could not		c. should	d. might	
2. — What time are y				
— Well, I am ready,	_		1! 17	
a. could as well		c. must as well	d. might as well	
3. She is a very nice p			1 1	
a. can	b. are able	c. must	d. have	

a aculd	h can	4	
a. could	o. can	c. must	d. have
		ening. He to	
a. could	b. has	c. must	d. might
6. I get up e	arly tomorrow, b	pecause my train leave	es at 7:30.
a. need	b. have to	c. must	d. might
7. We do not have mu	ıch time. We	hurry.	
a. should to	b. have	c. must	d. might to
8. When we are in the	e library, we	not make any no	oise.
		c. must	
9. You can come with	n me if you like	but you come	e if you do not want.
a. could not	b. do not ha	ve c. must not	d. might
10. She has been stud	lying hard for the	e exam, so she	pass it.
a. could	b. should	c. must	d. might
11. It was a great part	ty last night. You	u have come.	
a. could	b. should	c. must	d. might
12. I was so tired.		o for a week. c. must	d. might
a. could	b. can	c. must	d. might
		e had enough money.	
a. could	b. can	c. must	d. might
14. You have been tra	avelling all day.	You be tired	
		c. must	d. might

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе №5

No	Вариант 1	Вариант 2					
	Задание 1						
1	b	d					
2	c	c					
	3	адание 2					
1	b	d					
2	b	b					
3	d	c					
4	a	c					
5	С	b					
6	d	b					
7	a	c					
8	a	c					
9	d	b					
10	c	c					

11	d	b
12	d	a
13	d	a
14	d	d

Контрольная работа № 6

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели оценки	Критери и оценки
Знания 3.1. Лексический (2500-2900 лексических единиц) и грамматический минимум, необходимый для овладения устными и письменными формами профессионального общения на иностранном Умения: У.7.Пользоваться современными переводческими компьютерными программами У.8.Делать письменный перевод информации профессионального характера с иностранного языка на русский и с русского языка на иностранный	оценки Соответствие ответов эталону Соответствие содержания и оформления требованиям	
		ворительно

Контрольная работа № 6 по теме «Конструкция there is / there are» 1 Вариант.

1. Выбрать правильный вариант ответа.

1.Therem	any children in the park.	
a. is	b. are	
2. Therer	nany ways of solving such a problem	m
a. is	b. are	
3. Therea	man outside the building.	
a. wasn't	b. weren't	
4	1 11 1 1 1 1	

4. How many children.....there in your class?

a. are b. is

5. There.....much sugar left.

a. isn't b. aren't

6. There....many restaurants in my town.

a. are b. is

7. I am sorry to tell you but there.....no good news for you today.

a. are b. is

8. There....nothing he could do to prevent the crime.

a. is b. was c. are d. will be

9. You should go. There will....something new to learn at the meeting.

a. are b. be c. to be d. is

```
10. There....soup in the fridge.
  a. are much b. are many c. is much d. is many
11. ...there...here?
  a. Are / somebody b. Are / anybody c. Is / anybody
12. There ... a lot of people at yesterday's meeting
              b. are
  a. is
                           c. were
                                         d. was
13. There ... much food left in the fridge. We should buy some
   a are
              b. isn't
                           c. aren't
                                         d. is
14. Jim, come here! There ... I need to talk to you 14...
   a. are anything b. is something c. are something
15. You didn't understand me right. I am sure there ... some misunderstanding
   a. will be
                                        d. must have been
                    b. be
16. I am planning to redecorate my room. There ... a lot of flowers and toys here.
   a. will be
                    b. are
                             c. is
                                        d. were
17. ... there ... I can do for you?
                    b. is/anything
   a. will/be
                                         c. was/anything
18. There ... several bedrooms in my previous apartment.
   a. are
             b. was
                             c. is
                                         d. were
19. ....is a field ahead of us and..... is full of wild tulips
   a. It....there
                     b. There.....it
                                        c. There .....there
20. .....is a cinema, theatre but....is pretty far from here
   a. There....there b. It...there
                                       c. There....it
21. On Mondays....is always a crowd on the bus stop.....is very annoying.
                     b. there....it
   a. it...there
                                        c. it...it
22. ....is a nice film on TV this evening. .....s an American thriller
   a. there....it
                     b. it...there
                                        c. it....it
23. ....is spring......are happy cats everywhere.
                      b. There....there c. it.....there
   a. There...it
24. ....are lots of toys in my child's room.....makes him very happy.
   a. There...it b. There...it
                                         c. It....there
25. ....is a sunny morning......are no clouds in the sky.
   a. It .....there
                      b. It...it
                                         There....is
26. ....is quite difficult to speak English correctly......are so many rules to remember.
                      b. There...There c. It...There
   a. There....It
27. ....is a long break at 2 o'clock.....is our lunch time.
   a. it.....there
                      b. there....there c. there...it
28. .....was a reason for his strange behavior and.....was a serious one.
   a. There...it
                      b. It....there
                                         c. It...it
29. ....is good information.....is no doubt about it.
   a. It ....there
                      b. There....it
                                          c. There...there
30. ....is great to know that.....is somebody who loves.
   a. There...it
                      b. It....it
                                          c. It...there
                                      Контрольная работа № 6
```

по теме «Конструкция there is / there are» 2 Вариант.

1. Выбрать правильный вариант ответа.

- 1.is a cinema, theatre but....is pretty far from here a. There....there b. It...there c. There....it
- 2. On Mondays.....is always a crowd on the bus stop.....is very annoying.

```
a. it...there
                      b. there....it
                                        c. it...it
3. ....is a nice film on TV this evening. .....s an American thriller
   a. there....it
                      b. it...there
                                        c. it....it
4. ....is spring......are happy cats everywhere.
   a. There...it
                      b. There ....there c. it.....there
5. ....are lots of toys in my child's room.....makes him very happy.
   a. There...it b. There...it
                                         c. It....there
6. ....is a sunny morning......are no clouds in the sky.
   a. It .....there
                      b. It...it
                                         There....is
7. ....is quite difficult to speak English correctly......are so many rules to remember.
   a. There....It
                      b. There...There c. It...There
8. ....is a long break at 2 o'clock.....is our lunch time.
    a. it.....there
                      b. there....there c. there...it
9. .....was a reason for his strange behavior and.....was a serious one.
                       b. It....there
    a. There...it
                                          c. It...it
10. ....is good information.....is no doubt about it.
    a. It ....there
                       b. There....it
                                          c. There...there
11. ....is great to know that.....is somebody who loves.
                                          c. It...there
    a. There...it
                       b. It....it
12. There....many children in the park.
               b. are
  a. is
13. There.....many ways of solving such a problem.
14. There....a man outside the building.
               b. weren't
  a. wasn't
15. How many children.....there in your class?
               b. is
  a. are
16. There.....much sugar left.
              b. aren't
  a. isn't
17. There....many restaurants in my town.
  a. are
18. I am sorry to tell you but there.....no good news for you today.
  a. are
19. There....nothing he could do to prevent the crime.
              b. was
                           c. are
                                       d. will be
  a. is
20. You should go. There will....something new to learn at the meeting.
              b. be
  a. are
                           c. to be
                                       d. is
21. There....soup in the fridge.
  a. are much b. are many c. is much d. is many
22. ...there...here?
  a. Are / somebody b. Are / anybody c. Is / anybody
23. There ... a lot of people at yesterday's meeting
              b. are
                           c. were
                                         d. was
24. There ... much food left in the fridge. We should buy some
              b. isn't
                           c. aren't
25. Jim, come here! There ... I need to talk to you 14...
   a. are anything b. is something c. are something
26. You didn't understand me right. I am sure there ... some misunderstanding
   a. will be
                    b. be
                             c. are
                                         d. must have been
27. I am planning to redecorate my room. There ... a lot of flowers and toys here.
   a. will be
                    b. are
                             c. is
                                         d. were
28. ... there ... I can do for you?
```

- b. is/anything c. was/anything a. will/be 29. There ... several bedrooms in my previous apartment.
 - b. was c. is d. were a. are
- 30.is a field ahead of us and...... is full of wild tulips
 - c. Therethere b. There....it a. It....there

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе № 6

	Вариант 1	Вариант 2			
Задание 1					
1	b	c			
2	b	b			
3	a	a			
4	a	c			
5	a	b			
6	a	a			
7	b	c			
8	b	c			
9	b	a			
10	c	a			
11	c	c			
12	c	b			
13	b	b			
14	b	a			
15	a	a			
16	b	a			
17	b	a			
18	d	b			
19	b	b			
20	c	b			
21	b	c			
22	a	c			
23	c	c			
24	b	b			
25	a	b			
26	c	a			
27	c	b			
28	a	b			
29	a	d			
30	С	b			

Контрольная работа № 7

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели оценки	Критерии оценки
Знания:	Соответствие	90-100%
3.1. Лексический (2500-2900 лексических	ответов эталону	«5» отлично
единиц) и грамматический минимум,		
необходимый для овладения устными и	Соответствие	80-89%

письменными формами профессионального	содержания и	«4» хорошо
общения на иностранном	оформления	
Умения:	требованиям	70-79%
У.7.Пользоваться современными		«3»
переводческими компьютерными программами		удовлетворите
У.8.Делать письменный перевод информации		льно
профессионального характера с иностранного		
языка на русский и с русского языка на		Менее 70%
иностранный		«2»
		неудовлетв
		орительно

Контрольная работа № 7

		вариант 1.	
1. We by a	a loud noise during the	night.	
A. woke up	B. are woken up	C. were woken up	D. were waking up
2. A new supern	narket is going to r	next year.	
A. build	B. be built	C. be building	D. building
3. There's some	body walking behind us	s. I think	
		llowing C. we are followed	ed D. we are being followed
4. 'Where?' '	In London'.		
A. were you born		C. have you been bor	n D. did you born
	ight at the party, but nol		
A. was hurt	B. were hurt	C. was hurted	D. were hurted
	some money?		
A. do you	B. can you	C. do you can	D. must you
7. Ito go l	hiking with you.		
A. shall be able	B. shall can	C. must	D. should
	never forgive him.		
A. couldn't	B. could	C. mustn't	D. need
	read for now.		
A. doesn't can	B. ought not	C. can't	D. don't can
10. Hepas			
A. didn't can	B. shan't	C. couldn't to	D. couldn't
11. 2018			
	eighteen B. two thousa	and and eighteen C. two tho	usand and eight
12. 2 nd	_	_	
A. third	B. two	C. second	D. first
13. 25th January			
			n of January, nineteen ninety-seven
	fth of January, ninety-se	even	
14. 40	D. C.C.		D . 6
A. fourty	B. fifty	C. fourteen	D. forty
15. 15th	D C'C 41		D 55 4
A. fifteen	B. fifteenth	C. fiveteenth	D. fiftyth
16. Therefour 1		C	D.I.
A. is	B. are	C. was	D. have
	dow in the living room.		D had
A. is	B. are	C. were	D. had
	in the middle of the roo B. are	C. is	D. has
A. were	four cinemas in Sosnins		D. nas
A. was	B were	C. is	D. are
	many fountains in th		D. arc

A. was B. are		were	D. is	
21. The level, when water				
A. is boiling B. boil		boiled	D. was bo	iling
22. I tomatoes and po			D	
A. usually grow B. am to 23. Do you speak English? I			D. were us	ually grow
A. were learning B. learn		was learning	D. am lear	ning
24. I would like to lose weight	ht, so I supper t	his week.	D. um rear	5
A. am not eating B. do n		. doesn't eat	D. isn't ea	ting
25. Tom is in Warsaw at the	moment. He at t	the Mariott Hotel.		
A. is staying B. stay		C. was staying	D. stay	
26 . I My best frien				
	knew	C. has known	D. kn	own
27. Somebody out		C have stales	D ha	d stales
A. stole B. 28 . I don't want to go to		C. have stolen	D. na	d stolen
A. has already seen B.		C. had already seen	D alre	eady saw
29. Is Mary at home? No		C. Had already seen	Dane	cady saw
	have just left	C. just left	D. ha	s just left
30 . My brothera lo	•	j		3
A. has swum B.		C. swam	D. sv	vims
	Ko	онтрольная работ	ra № 7	
		Вариант 2.		
1. Jane to phone me la	_			D 1
A. supposed	B. is supposed	C. was supposed		D. were supposed
2. Where? Which hair A. did you cut your hair B.		C did you have ou	ıt vour hair	D. did you have your hair cut
3 during the storm.	nave you cut your nan	C. did you have cu	it your nam	D. did you have your han cut
	ence B. The fence was	s collapsed C. They c	ollapsed the f	fence D. The fence collapsed
4. The new computer sys		1	1	·
A. is being installed by peop	le B. is be installed	C. is being installed	ed	D. is been installed
5. The children to the				
A. were enjoyed taken		g taken C. were enjo	oyed taking	D. enjoyed taking
6. In my youth I5 mile		C 11		D 11
A. was running 7 lend me some	B. could to run	C. could ran		D. could run
A. do you	B. can you	C. do you can		D. need you
8. Ito go hiking wi	•	c. do you can		D. need you
A. shall be able	B. shall can	C. will can		D. should
9. Wifenever forg	ive him.			
A. couldn't	B. must	C. will can		D. could
10. Our childread		~ .		
A. doesn't can	B. cannots	C. can't		D. couldn't
11. 12	D two1f	C. twelve		D twolfth
A. twenty 12. 100	B. twelf	C. twelve		D. twelfth
A. ten	B. a million	C. one thousand		D. one hundred
13. 1.6	2. w			2. 0110 1101101
A. one sixth	B. one and six	C. one point six		D. sixteen
14. 5. 34		•		
A. five thirty-four	B. five point thirt	ty-four C. five point	t three four	D. point five thirty-four
15. 8th		~		5
A. eighteenth	B. eight	C. eightth		D. eighth
16 a big sofa in the co	rner of the living room	l. C were		D had

C. were

A. is

B. are

D. had

15 5							
17. Theretwo armchairs							
A. is	B. was	C. are	D. have				
18. Therea telephone in	18. Therea telephone in the hall.						
A. have	B. are	C. were	D. is				
19. There a disco at C	Charsznica yesterday.						
A. was	B. were	C. is	D. are				
20. There five banan	nas in the fridge 2 day	s ago.					
A. was	B. is	C. were	D. are				
21. Can you see those people? I v	wonder what about	•					
A. do they talk	B. they were talking	C. they talking	D. they are talking				
22. My brother is looking for a p	lace to live. He wit	h me until he finds somew	here.				
A. stays	B. is staying	C. was staying	D. were staying				
23. He is amazingly talented at la	anguages. He sever	languages very well.					
A. was speaking	B. is speaking	C. spoke	D. speaks				
24. I have lost my pen again. I	. things.	_					
A. always loose	B. am always losing	C. was always loosing	D. lost				
25. Usually I at 3.00, but this	month I have worked	until 5.00 to earn more mo	ney.				
A. finish B	am finishing C.	finishes D.	is finishing				
26. Michael to play the pia	no last year		-				
A. has learnt		C. learned	D. had learnt				
27. Do you want something t	o drink? No, thanks. I	a cup of tea.					
A. just had		C. have just had	D. just has had				
28. My parents to Germany in 2005.							
A. has gone		C. have went	D. went				
29. Sally her relativ	29. Sally her relatives for a very long time.						
A. haven't seen		C. hasn't seen	D. saw				
30. I this college since							
A. attended	-	C. is attended	D. have attended				
1. attended	2. Ilas attended	c. 15 attended	z. na e accineca				

Эталоны ответов к контрольной работе № 7

№	Вариант 1	Вариант 2
1	С	C
2	В	D
3	D	В
4	A	C
5	A	В
6	В	D
7	A	В
8	В	A
9	C	D
10	D	C
11	В	C
12	C	D
13	В	С
14	D	С
15	В	D
16	В	A
17	A	C
18	C	D
19	В	A
20	C	C
21	В	D

22	A	В	
23	D	D	
24	В	В	
25	A	A	
26	A	C	
27	A	C	
28	В	D	
29	D	С	
30	C	D	

Контрольная работа № 8

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели оценки	Критерии оценки
Знания:	Соответствие	90-100%
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной	ответов эталону	«5» отлично
специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка и	orbeiob stanony	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
умение строить своё речевое и неречевое поведение	Соответствие	80-89%
адекватно этой специфике; умение выделять общее		и «4» хорошо
и различное в культуре родной страны и	оформления	л «4// лорошо
страны/стран изучаемого языка;	требованиям	70-79%
	треоованиям	«3»
32. достижение порогового уровня владения		_
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам		удовлетворите
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с		льно
носителями изучаемого иностранного языка, так и с		700/
представителями других стран, использующими		Менее 70%
данный язык как средство общения;		«2»
Умения:		неудовлетв
У1.сформированность коммуникативной		орительно
иноязычной компетенции, необходимой для		
успешной социализации и самореализации, как		
инструмента межкультурного общения в		
современном поликультурном мире;		
У2. сформированность умения использовать		
иностранный язык как средство для получения		
информации из иноязычных источников в		
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.		

Контрольная работа № 8 Вариант 1.

т. до	ополните	предложения использ	зуя врем	ıя Past Progressive	2	
1	We	tea when our grandpare	nts came	•		
	\mathbf{A}	Was having	В	Were have	\mathbf{C}	Were having
2	He	the house this time yeste	erday.			
	\mathbf{A}	Was painting	В	Were painting	\mathbf{C}	painting
3	Mary _	home when she met h	er old fri	end.		
	\mathbf{A}	Was walking	В	Was walk	\mathbf{C}	Were walking
4	They	cricket at 10 a.m. vest	erdav.			

_	A Not playing	В	1 2 0	C	wasn't playing
5	Sam and I over the phone wh			C	Wana ahattina
(A Were chat	B	Was chatting	C	Were chatting
6	The radio was on but nobody		Was listaning	C	**************************************
	S	В	Was listening	C	weren't listening
7	She dinner while her husband				
	A Was cooking	В	Was cook	\mathbf{C}	Were cooking
2. До	полните предложения использу	я врем	ия PresentPerfect		
8	I partinmarathons.				
	A Has never taken	В	Have never	\mathbf{C}	haven't never
			taken		taken
9	Sean his sister in the last few	days.			
	A haven't seen	В	hasn't saw	\mathbf{C}	hasn't seen
10	Are you going anywhere this sum	nmer?	Yes, we a trip to	Italy.	
	A Have book	В	Has booked	Ć	Have booked
11	yet?				
	A Has the rain stopped	В	Has the rain	\mathbf{C}	Have the rain
			stop		stopped
12	Do we need any tomatoes? No, I	SO	-		Stopp • G
	A hasalreadybought	B	alreadyhasboug	C	havealreadybou
	nasancaay oo agin	2	ht	Č	ght
13	Thestudents theiressays.		IIt		Sint
10	A Has just completed	В	Have just	C	Have just
	A mas just completed	Ъ	completed	C	complete
1.4	What a nity! Tad his tannis m	aalrat	completed		complete
14	What a pity! Ted his tennis ra		Harra 200	C	Track leaves
	A Has just broken	В	Have jus	C	Just have
2 П			tbroken	ID	broken
	полните предложения использу	я врем	าส PresentSimplean	aPrese	entContinuous
15	Allchildren chocolate.	-	. 1	~	1
	A Are adoring	В	Are adore	C	adore
16	We a picnic at the moment.	_			
	A Are have	В	Are having	\mathbf{C}	has
17	How towork?				
	A Does you usually get	В	Are you usually	\mathbf{C}	Do you usually
			getting		get
18	Jenny always nice expensive	e clothe	es.		
	A wears	В	Is wearing	\mathbf{C}	wear
19	Betty can't answer the phone. Sh	ne			
	A sleeps	В	Is sleep	\mathbf{C}	Is sleeping
20	These jeans much.		1		1 6
	A doesn't cost	В	don't cost	\mathbf{C}	Are not costing
21	His eyes are closed. He at yo			Č	
	A isn't look	В	isn't looking	C	doesn't look
	A ISH t ROOK	В	isii t lookiiig	C	doesii t look
	Von	ITNATI	ная работа № 8		
	Kur	-	-		
		Da	риант 2.		
1 π	OWO HANDO WE OWN OWN OF THE TOTAL TO THE		wa Dogt Duo amazai		
	ополните предложения использ	-	_	;	
1	Carol was at the party last night.		_	C	***************************************
_	A wearing	В	Was wearing	C	Were wearing
2	at 8 p.m. yesterday?				

	A	Knitting she	В	Were she knitting	C	Was she knitting
3	We a	along the coast all ever	ning ye	•		
		Was driving		Were driving	\mathbf{C}	Were drive
4		thing this time yester		C		
_	•	wasn't doing	•	weren't doing	C	Not doing
5		a snowman all mornin			Ü	2.33.23.2.28
_		Were making			C	Was making
6		a bath at 9 o'clock ye			Ü	, , ws
Ū	-	Were having	-		C	Was having
7		ast saw you, you a			C	was naving
,		Were studying			C	studying
2 Лог		редложения исполь:			C	studying
2. дог		is work. Why don't w				
O	A		B	Has finished	C	Have finished
0				mas minsted	C	Trave Timsneu
9		omputer since I was th		Have had	C	Has borra
10		Has had	В	Have had	C	Has have
10	the le	-	ъ	7.7	~	TT
	A	Have you ever won	В	Has you ever	C	Have you ever
				won		win
11		I friends since ch				
		Were been	В	Has been	\mathbf{C}	Have been
12	Look! Th	ne car into the wal	1.			
	\mathbf{A}	Have just crashed	В	Has just crashed	\mathbf{C}	Has just crash
13	Where is	your purse? I it.				
	\mathbf{A}	Was lost	В	Has lost	\mathbf{C}	Have lost
14	She a	a job so far.				
	\mathbf{A}	hasn't found	В	haven't found	\mathbf{C}	Not has found
3. До	полните пр	редложения исполь:	зуя вр	емя Present Simple	and Pi	resent Continuous
15		d Greg always hor				
	\mathbf{A}	come	В	comes	\mathbf{C}	Are coming
16		boyfriend often invite	vou to			C
	<u>A</u>	Do	В	Is	\mathbf{C}	Does
17		nts the house right			Ü	
-,	A	Is cleaning	В	Are cleaning	C	clean
18		er never me up in			C	Cicun
10	A	doesn't wake	В	Is making	C	wakes
19		r is in Greece now. He		•	C	wares
1)	A	stays	a	Is staying	C	ctox
20		•		, ,	C	stay
20		her friends early in the		=		: 24 11
	\mathbf{A} d	loesn't usually meet	В	don't usually	C	isn't usually
			2	meet		meeting
21		nembers of our family		_		
	A	gather	В	aregathering	\mathbf{C}	gathers
		К	_	ьная работа № 8		
			В	вариант 3.		
1. До	ополните п	гредложения исполі	ьзуя вр	оемя Past Progressi	ve	
1	He for	r me when I came.				
	A	Was wait	В	Was waiting	\mathbf{C}	Were waiting
2	Kelly wa	s busy, so we very	y long.			J

	A wasn't staying	\mathbf{B}	wasn't stay	C	weren't staying
3	Why atyou?				
	A Were that wom	an B	Was that woman	\mathbf{C}	Was that woman
	staring		staring		stare
4	I didn't go to work yester	rday. I w	ell.		
	A wasn't befeel		wasn't feeling	\mathbf{C}	weren't feeling
5	When I met Tim in the sl	nop, he f	or a new computer.		
			Were looking	\mathbf{C}	Was look
6	Sally and Ann in the	park when it	started raining.		
	A Was running		Were run	\mathbf{C}	Were running
7	When I got home, my sis	ter with	a kitten.		_
	A playing			\mathbf{C}	Were playing
2. Дог	полните предложения, и	спользуя вр	емя Present Perfec	et	1 , 2
8	Brian his new projec				
	A haven't started	d B	hasn't started	\mathbf{C}	Not started
9	We toFrancerecently	•			
	A Has move	В	Have moved	\mathbf{C}	Have move
10	Lisa and Frank marr	ied for two ye	ears now.		
	A Has been		Have were	\mathbf{C}	Have been
11	Nick a live football i	natch before.			
	A Has nevers ee	n B	Have never seen	\mathbf{C}	hasn't never seen
12	We some furniture for	or our new fla	at.		
	A Have already cho			\mathbf{C}	Have already
	•		chosen		chose
13	My wife invitations	for the party.			
	=		Has already sent	\mathbf{C}	Have already
	•		•		sent
14	Oxford University Press	thousand	ls of books.		
	A Was published			\mathbf{C}	Has published
	-		-		-
3. Дог	полните предложения, и	спользуя вр	емя PresentSimple	и Prese	entProgressive
15	I dinner because I'm	really hungr	y		· ·
	A cook	В	amcooking	\mathbf{C}	iscooking
16	What onSaturdays?				
	A Are you doing	B	Does you do	\mathbf{C}	Do you do
17	I'm sorry. I this word	d.			
	A doesn't remember	er B	Am not	\mathbf{C}	don't remember
			remembering		
18	Don't go out! It hard	at the mome	ent.		
	A Is snowing	В	snows	\mathbf{C}	snow
19	Brian always his frie	nd in the eve	ning.		
	A Is phoning	В	phones	\mathbf{C}	phone
20	Why? I've lost my k	eys.	-		-
	A Do you cry	•	Does you cry	\mathbf{C}	Are you crying
21	We letters to our rela				
	A Are sending		send	\mathbf{C}	sends
	_				

Контрольная работа № 8

№	Вариант 1	Вариант 2	Вариант 3		
Задание 1					
1	c	b	b		
2	a	c	c		

3	a	b	b
4	b	a	b
5	c	a	a
6	b	c	c
7	a	a	b
		Задание 2	
8	b	b	b
9	c	b	b
10	c	a	c
11	a	c	a
12	c	b	a
13	b	c	a
14	a	a	bc
		Задание 3	
15	c	a	b
16	b	c	c
17	c	b	c
18	a	c	a
19	c	b	b
20	b	a	c
21	b	a	b

Дифференцированный зачет

Проверяемые умения и знания	Показатели оценки		Критери и оценки
Знания:	Соответствие		90-100%
31. владение знаниями о социокультурной	ответов эталону		«5» отлично
специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка и			
умение строить своё речевое и неречевое	Соответствие		80-89%
поведение адекватно этой специфике; умение	содержания	И	«4» хорошо
выделять общее и различное в культуре родной	оформления		
страны и страны/стран изучаемого языка;	требованиям		70-79%
32. достижение порогового уровня владения			«3»
иностранным языком, позволяющего выпускникам			удовлетворит
общаться в устной и письменной формах как с			ельно
носителями изучаемого иностранного языка, так и			
представителями других стран, использующими			Менее
данный язык как средство общения;			70% «2»
Умения:			неудовлет
У1.сформированность коммуникативной			ворительно
иноязычной компетенции, необходимой для			
успешной социализации и самореализации, как			
инструмента межкультурного общения в			
современном поликультурном мире;			
У2. сформированность умения использовать			
иностранный язык как средство для получения			
информации из иноязычных источников в			
образовательных и самообразовательных целях.			

Вариант 1

1. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы по тексту. Food processing

Food processing is typically a mechanical process that utilizes large mixing, grinding, chopping and emulsifying equipment in the production process. These processes inherently introduce a number of contaminate risks. As a mixing bowl or grinder is used over time the food contact parts will tend to fail and fracture. This type of failure will introduce in to the product stream small to large metal contaminates. Further processing of these metal fragments will result in downstream equipment failure and the risk of ingestion by the consumer.

Food manufactures utilize <u>industrial metal detectors</u> to detect and reject automatically any metal fragment. Large food processors will utilize many metal detectors within the processing stream to both ensure reduced damage to processing machinery as well risk to the consumer. The first industrial level metal detector pioneered by Goring Kerr was introduced back in 1947 for <u>Mars Incorporated</u>.

One of the most important requirements for processed foods is the continuity in expected taste and appearance. That requirement is fulfilled using a single or a specific multiplicity of ingredients. Those ingredients require extended crops or farming of particular species only with consequent detriment of animal and vegetal <u>Species richness</u> and possible <u>Extinction</u> of other less used species. This is a risk with Industrial Food Processing as it is set up today.

Answer the questions

- 1. What is a food processing?
- 2. What is the most important requirement for processed foods?
- 3. Is it a risk with Industrial Food Processing as it is set up today?

11. Выберите вариант ответа. 1. My name ... Nina. a) is b) am c) are 2. My brother and I ... good tennis players. a) am b) is c) are 3. ... is a student. a) I b) She c) We 4. He lives with ... parents. a) he b) him c) his 5. I usually ... TV in the evening. b) watching a) watch c) watched 6. Linda ... in London. a) lives c) living b) live 7. Tom ... a book at the moment. a) read b) are reading c) is reading 8. I... already my homework. a) have done b) has done c) did 9. It was hot in the room, so I ... the window. b) opened c) opening a) open 10. We ... to the cinema yesterday. a) go b) goed c) went 11. -I ... you tomorrow, OK? -OK, goodbye. a) Shall phone b) will phone c) оба варианты возможны 12. The office ... every day. a) cleaned b) is cleaned c) are cleaned 13. This house ... 10 years ago. a) built b) is built c) was built

14. I in sure I to the party tomorrow.
a) invite b) will invite c) will be invited.
15. My father is than my mother.
a) old b) older c) oldest
16. I don't like my work. I want to do something
a) more interesting b) the most interesting c) interestinger
17. John is student in our group.
a) good b) better c) the best
18. My sister has 3
a) child b) childs c) children
19. There are many on the table.
a) books b) book c) bookes
20. – Where is David? – He is London
a) at b) on c) in
21. I got the book without difficulty.
a) some b) any c) no
22. We didn't have money but Tom had
a) many b) a little c) few
23. Do you think he would be angry if I him to help me?
a) shall ask b) ask c) asked
24. We arrived at the cinema late. The film
a) began b) had already begun c) would begin
25. It was a very happy day. It wasday in my life.
a) as happy as b) the most happy c) the happiest
26. If I his address I would tell you.
a) had known b) knew c) will know
27. You weren't listening,?
a) do you b) weren't you c) were you
28. I was very much surprised, when Ann said that she
a) can't swim b) couldn't swim c) will swim
29. The meeting was I had expected.
a) longer than b) so long as c) the longest
30. Jimmy couldn't come to the lesson,
a) did he b) couldn't he c) could he

Вариант 2.

1. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы по тексту. Canning

Canning is a method of <u>preserving food</u> in which the food contents are processed and sealed in an airtight container. Canning provides a typical shelf life ranging from one to five years, although under specific circumstances a freeze-dried canned product, such as canned, dried, lentils, can last as long as 30 years in an edible state. The process was first developed as a French military discovery by <u>Nicolas Appert</u> in 1810. The <u>packaging</u> prevents <u>microorganisms</u> from entering and proliferating inside.

To prevent the food from being spoiled before and during containment, a number of methods are used: pasteurization, boiling (and other applications of high temperature over a period of time), refrigeration, freezing, drying, vacuum treatment, antimicrobial agents that are natural to the recipe of the foods being preserved, a sufficient dose of ionizing radiation, submersion in a strong saline solution, acid, base, osmotically extreme (for example very sugary) or other microbe-challenging environments.

Other than <u>sterilization</u>, no method is perfectly dependable as a preservative. For example, the microorganism <u>Clostridium botulinum</u> (which causes <u>botulism</u>), can only be eliminated at temperatures above the boiling point.

Answer the questions:

4	TT 71 .	•	•	0
1.	What	1S	cannin	g'!

- 2. Who developed the process of canning?
- 3. When was this process developed?

	1. Выберите верный в	ариант ответа.	
Ι.	My name Igor.	• `	
•	a) is	b) am	c) are
2.	My brothers good te		
	a) am	b) 1s	c) are
3.	am a student.		
	a) I	b) She	c) We
4.	She lives with paren		
	a) he	b) him	c) her
5.	My mother breakfas		
	a) cook	*	,
6.	Where are the children?		
	a) play		c) are playing
7.	I a book at the mome		
		b) reading	c) am reading
8.	I already my homew		
	a) have done		c) did
9.	It was cold in the room,		
	a) close	b) closed	c) closing
10.	We to the cinema ye		
	a) go	b) goed	c) went
11.	– I you tomorrow, C	OK? – OK, goodbye	
	a) Shall phone b)) will phone c) оба	варианта возможны
12.	The offices every da	y.	
	a) cleaned	b) is cleaned	c) are cleaned
13.	The flat 10 years ago).	
	a) bought	b) is bought	c) was bought
14.	The letter tomorrow		
	a) send	b) will send	c) will be sent
15.	My sister is than me		
	a) old	b) older	c) oldest
16.	I don't like my work. I	want to do somethir	ng
	a) more interesting	g b) the most	interesting c) interestinge
17.	John is student in ou	r group.	
	a) good	b) better	c) the best
18.	My sister has 3		
	a) child	b) childs	c) children
19.	There are many on the	he table.	•
	a) books	b) book	c) bookes
20.	- Where are they? - Th	,	,
	a) at	b) in	c) on
21.	It was a very happy day	,	
			happy c) the happiest

22. If I his address I would tell you. a) had known b) knew c) will know 23. You weren't listening,? a) do you b) weren't you c) were you 24. I was very much surprised, when Ann said that she a) can't swim b) couldn't swim c) will swim 25. What is thing you have ever bought? a) the most expensive b) more expensive c) expensive 26. I was very much surprised, when Ann said that she a) can't swim b) couldn't swim c) will swim 27. The meeting was I had expected. a) longer than b) so long as c) the longest 28. Jimmy couldn't come to the lesson, b) couldn't he a) did he c) could he 29. Bill no longer had his car. He it. a) had sold b) sold c) would sell 30. They the company a hundred years ago. b) have started a) will start c) started

Вариант 3

1. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы по тексту. Mass production of food.

Mass production of food is much cheaper overall than individual production of meals from raw ingredients. Therefore, a large profit potential exists for the manufacturers and suppliers of processed food products. Individuals may see a benefit in convenience, but rarely see any direct financial cost benefit in using processed food as compared to home preparation.

Processed food freed people from the large amount of time involved in preparing and cooking "natural" unprocessed foods. The increase in free time allows people much more choice in life style than previously allowed. In many families the adults are working away from home and therefore there is little time for the preparation of food based on fresh ingredients. The food industry offers products that fulfill many different needs: From peeled <u>potatoes</u> that only have to be boiled at home to fully prepared <u>ready meals</u> that can be heated up in the <u>microwave oven</u> within a few minutes.

Modern food processing also improves the quality of life for people with allergies, <u>diabetics</u>, and other people who cannot consume some common food elements. Food processing can also add extra nutrients such as <u>vitamins</u>.

Answer the questions

- 1. What is cheaper mass production or individual production of food?
- 2. What can food processing do for people?
- 3. What can food processing also add?

11. Выберите верный вариант ответа.

1. Your keys on	the table.		
a) is	b) am	c) are	
2your friend En	glish?		
a) is	b) ar	m c) are	
3are late again.			
a) He	b)You	c) I	
4. I saw Gary with	brother Tim.		
a) my	b) her	c) his	
5. They always	. tennis in the ever	enings.	

	a) plays	b) play	c) plaies
	6. You can turn off the te	levision. Iit	
	a) isn't watching	b) aren't watchir	ng c) am not watching
	7. Where are the children		
		b) am playing	
	8. I'm looking for Paula.		chare playing
	a) hasseen b) ha		uo soon
			veseen
	9. When I was a child, I.		\1 \ 1
		b) want	c) have wanted
	10. Anna's grandfather		
		b) was dying	c) died
	11. Next week she	in Paris.	
	a) will be	b) shall be	c)would be
	12. Orangesin Russia	l.	
	a) is imported b) w		imported
	13. Whenthe bicycle		r
			c) wasinvented
	14. The worknext w	*	c) wasmvented
			a) will be done
	a) done	,	c) will be done
	15. Is itto go by ca		\ 1
		b) more cheaper	=
	16. I don't like my job. I		
		_	c) more interesting
	17. Which is a he	eadache or a toothache	?
	a) bad	b)worse	c)badder
	18. There are three at	t the bus stop.	
	a) persons	-	c) peoples
	19. I don't like	7 F - F	, , , , ,
	a) mouse	h) mouses	c) mice
	20. The park is beautiful		c) finee
	-		a) in
	a) on	0) al	c) in
	21he ever Fre		
	a) was, reading		c) has, read
	22. I got the book withou	•	
	a) some	b) any	c) no
23.	We didn't have money bu	ıt Tom had	
	a) many	b) a little	c) few
24.	Do you think he would be	e angry if I him to	help me?
	a) shall ask	.	c) asked
	25. Bill no longer had his	· ·	·,
	a) had sold	b) sold	c) would sell
	,	<i>'</i>	· ·
	26. They the compan		
	a) will start	b) have started	c) started
	27. It was a very happy d		
		b) the most happy	c) the happiest
28.	If I his address I wou	ıld tell you.	
	a) had known	b) knew	c) will know
29.	You weren't listening,	?	
	_	b) weren't you	c) were you
	30. Goods for export	· ·	, ·
	a) must b) are	c) is	
	,	-, -5	

Эталоны ответов - дифференцированный зачет

	Вариант 1	Вариант 2		Вариант 3
1. Отве	тить на вопросы по текс	ту		-
1	Food processing is typically a mechanical process that utilizes large mixing, grinding	Canning is a method of preserving food		Mass production of food is much cheaper
2	One of the most important requirements for processed foods is the continuity in expected taste and appearance	The process was first devas a French military discover Nicolas Appert.		Processed food freed people from the large amount of time involved in preparing and cooking "natural" unprocessed foods
3	This is a risk with Industrial Food Processing as it is set up today.	It was developed in 1810).	Food processing can also add extra nutrients such as <u>vitamins</u> .
1	a)	a)	<u> </u>	c)
2	c)	c)		a)
3	b)	a)		b)
4	c)	c)		c)
5	a)	b)		b)
6	a)	c)		c)
7	c)	c)		c)
8	a)	a)		c)
9	b)	b)		a)
10	c)	c)		c)
11	c)	c)		a)
12	b)	c)		c)
13	c)	c)		c)
14	c)	c)		c)
15	b)	b)		a)
16	a)	a)		c)
17	c)	c)		<u>b)</u>
18	c)	c)		<u>b)</u>
19	a)	a)		<u>c)</u>
20	c)	b)		<u>c)</u>
21	b)	c)		<u>c)</u>
22	b)	b)		<u>b)</u>
23	c)	c)		b)
24	b)	b)		<u>c)</u>
25 26	c) b)	a) b)		a)
26	·	,		c)
28	c) b)	a)		<u>c)</u>
29	,	c)		b)
30	a) c)	a) c)		c) b)
30	()	()		υ)

Шкала оценки образовательных достижений

Процент результативности	Оценка уровня подготовки		
правильных ответов	балл (отметка)	вербальный аналог	
90 ÷ 100	5	отлично	
80 ÷ 89	4	хорошо	
70 ÷ 79	3	удовлетворительно	
менее 70	2	неудовлетворительно	